Rural Church Schools Academy Trust **Year 4 Curriculum**

LET YOUR LIGHT SHINE Matthew v5:16

Article 29: Children's education should develop each child's personality, talents and abilities to the fullest. It should encourage children to respect others, human rights and their own and other cultures. It should also help them learn to live peacefully, protect the environment and respect other people. Our Curriculum Policy details our intent behind our curriculum, how we implement it and our desired impact. At RCSAT, the school curriculum consists of all those activities designed or encouraged within its organisational framework to provide the intellectual, emotional, personal, social, spiritual and physical development of all its pupils. It includes not only the subject specific curriculum but also the 'informal' programme of enrichment and extra-curricular activities.

The curriculum at RCSAT, developed over a number of years, is firmly rooted in and stems directly from our Vision, Mission and Core Values;

Our Vision – 'Let your Light shine' Matthew v5:16

Our Mission – 'A Caring Christian Family Where We Grow Together'

Our Core Values – WE aim to create an enjoyable, inclusive, safe and nurturing environment that allows all children to develop spiritually, morally and socially. – every child is a child of God, made to contribute to our world.

WE aim to create an inspiring environment, which encourages enthusiasm for lifelong learning and establishes an expectation of high standards – knowing the way, showing the way and going the way.

WE aim to encourage caring, sensitive and inclusive attitudes where individuals feel secure, valued and respected by others. – like Jesus showed us through his teachings

WE aim to provide a broad and connected curriculum which challenges and develops the potential of each child – as Jesus needed his disciples to support and guide, so we look to others with more knowledge

WE aim to develop a positive relationship between home, school and our wider community- as a family – as brothers and sisters.

The RCSAT curriculum is designed to

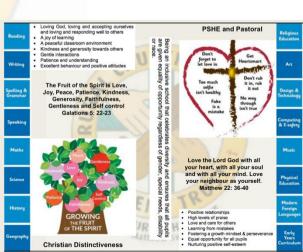
Embody - the Christian values we live by

Enable – all children to flourish in mind, body and spirit

Ensure – that all pupils are given the experiences to 'Let their Light Shine.'

Intent:

The schools within RCSAT are strongly committed to helping our children grow and develop the skills required to be successful in life. Our curriculum is designed to promote every child's individuality giving them the skills, knowledge and understanding to prepare them for the future. At RCSAT, our Connected Curriculum is planned around the development of Knowledge, Skills and Understanding. We ensure a curriculum that nurtures fascination and imagination and promotes an appreciation of creativity & individuality. One that also works in strong partnership with parents and carers to ensure high standards, engendering a strong sense of community, where all children and families are key to the delivery of a challenging, inspirational and innovative curriculum.



As a trust, we provide varied opportunities throughout their time with us, which promote independent, interactive and collaborative learning that builds on the children's natural curiosity and eagerness to learn. We teach children to aspire to be the best possible version of themselves through our key drivers. Our key drivers are:

Inspirational and connected curriculum which instils a love of learning

Curiosity and appreciation of God's world through our Christian Values

A culture of care for everyone in our community and in the world around us (RRSA, Global Learning, British Values)

Aspiring to become the best person God created us to be – Let your light shine (Matthew 5:16)

Academic success comes through creativity and problem solving; responsibility and resilience, as well as physical development, well-being and mental health all being key elements in supporting the whole child through their learning journey.

Our curriculum also celebrates diversity and utilises the skills and knowledge of the community to enhance our curriculum while supporting the children's emotional and spiritual development.

Implementation:

Our curriculum is driven by a desire to develop the whole child and therefore delivers much more than just the National Curriculum. Our connected curriculum provides opportunities for the children to learn about managing themselves, relationships and situations. Our curriculum is not simply a set of encounters from which children form ad hoc memories; it is designed to be remembered in detail – to be stored in our children's long-term memories so that they can later build on it, forming an ever wider and deeper pool of knowledge. Our curriculum is connected. It is planned vertically between year groups, horizontally within the academic year and diagonally to build on prior knowledge.

Our connected curriculum stems from key questions linked to a specific concept which then underpins the children's learning. Knowledge around this concept is delivered through primary sources such as high-quality texts, music, art and technologies, enabling connections to be made across a range of National Curriculum subjects. Our teachers skillfully plan to ensure the children in their class experience a curriculum that inspires a love for learning.

Our curriculum is organised around rich and engaging, high-quality texts, making links and connecting to all curriculum areas where relevant. Subject leads ensure progression and coverage of knowledge, skills and understanding are weaved into a meaningful and cohesive curriculum drawing in learning based on local, national and international events

Medium term plans outline the learning to take place for the term and are developed as mind maps using the phrases; As Artists, As Geographers, As Historians, As Writers, As Readers, As Mathematicians, As Musicians, As Programmers, As Designers, As Performers, As respectful, responsible citizens to frame ideas and concepts to be taught. The core basic skills of English and Maths are planned and delivered to reflect the National Curriculum 2014 changes and many elements of the new statutory orders are reflected in our practice.

We also feel that the following are necessary to support the implementation of our connected curriculum;

Learning Environment – We work hard to make sure that our learning environment supports the development of the whole child both inside, outside and beyond. Our classrooms are well organised and resourced allowing children to choose resources independently to support their learning.

Our outdoor areas have been developed to enhance our connected curriculum with developments such as: running paths, outdoor stage, mini woodland, outdoor reading provision, wilderness area and forest schools. This enables pupils to explore at break and lunch-times and gives teachers a range of resource to tap into to support teaching and learning at various points within the year.

Learning Partners – It is important that as a school we engage with external partner, locally, nationally and internationally to bring added dimensions to our curriculum offer. We partner with artists, musicians, coaches, poets, cultural organisations, engineers, other schools to bring expertise and difference to our

curriculum offer. These may be short term projects over a few weeks or much longer endeavours. It is through these partnerships that we may light a spark of interest, enthusiasm and passion within our children that they may carry forward with them into their future lives and schooling.

New Pedagogies – As we continue to develop our curriculum, our approach to teaching and learning also develops. We take a blended learning approach where multiple disciplines will be touched upon within a lesson. It may be a 'Science' based lesson where problem solving, maths, literacy and art disciplines are enveloped within the taught session. Project based inquiry learning coupled with direct instruction ensure that our curriculum is relevant and provides children with opportunities to develop the skills of communication, collaboration, critical thinking, citizenship and creativity whilst also building their own character.

Impact:

Through our connected approach:

Our children will have the capacity to control and express their emotions, and handle interpersonal relationships whilst keeping themselves safe.

Our children will become confident and successful lifelong learners, demonstrating the Christian Values to ensuring they let their individual lights shine as they make the right choices about their learning.

Our curriculum has an ambition for high achievement of all pupils irrespective of their background or starting point.

Our curriculum promotes a love of learning.

The curriculum also includes those features which produce the school's ethos (i.e. the 'hidden curriculum') such as the quality of relationships and the values exemplified by the way the school sets about its task.

Our aim is to provide a curriculum which will firstly expand the pupil's knowledge, experience and imaginative understanding, and thus his/her awareness of moral and Christian values and capacity for enjoyment, and secondly, enable the pupil to enter the world after formal education is over as an active participant in society and a responsible contributor to it, capable of achieving as much independence as possible.

There is an Act of Worship every day. Worship is a time where we come together to reflect on the school's vision and to learn about the 'person, love & work of Jesus' which is central to the school's vision and curriculum The daily Act of Worship promotes the Christian and Learning values which permeate the ethos of the school. As such, Worship is an essential part of the school day and the contributions of staff, pupils, clergy and other visitors are valued high

Pathways to Write	GORILLA		POMPEII	When the	SWING THE TORICS IN	BLUE
Year 4	3000	The formula plan all and confidence of the confi		Editor of a Name of State		BEALTE BOHEATY PRINTED AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
Year 4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Texts	Gorilla by Anthony Browne The One and Only Ivan by Katherine Applegate	Greek Myths by Jean Menzies	Escape From Pompeii by Christina Balit Pompeii: A Roman Girl's Diary by Sue Reid	When the Giant stirred by Celia Godkin Journey to the Centre of the Earth Usborne Young Reader	Where the Forest Meets the Sea by Jeannie Baker & Rainforests in 30 Seconds by Jen Green Journey to the River Sea by Eva Ibbotson	Blue John by Berlie Doherty Clockwork by Phillip Pullman or alternative Berlie Doherty novel
Writing outcome	Outcome Fiction: fantasy story Greater Depth Re-tell the story from dad's viewpoint or include speech	Outcome Recount /diary Greater Depth Recount /diary from a different POV	Outcome Fiction: historical narrative from character's point of view Greater Depth Write from the POV of the captain	Outcome Fiction: adventure story from POV of the boy Greater Depth Write from the POV of the God	Outcome Information board for a rainforest exhibition Greater Depth Include an interactive element	Outcome Letters Explanation – about cave formation for 2/3 days Greater Depth Use explanation with an element of persuasion
Topic headings	Fantastic Beasts		Rom	ans Roaming Britain	Rainforests	s and rocks
Courageous	Jane Goodall	Local road maintenance/ Speed		Peaks conservations National Parks		
SCIENCE Science End Points	things can be grouped in a variety of ways and explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living Construct and	arts of the digestive system in lentify the different types of as and their simple functions. interpret a variety of food		States of matter: compare and group materials togo according to whether they are solids, liquids or gar observe that some materials change state when the heated or cooled, and measure or research the tempart which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C). ider part played by evaporation and condensation in the cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with ter	this can sometimes pose dangers to living things. y are perature tiffy the water	and that Electricity: Identify common appliances that run on electricity and construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts. Identify whether a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery and recognise that a switch opens and

	 Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment. Recognise that environments can 	Animals including humans Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans. Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions. Construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey.		States of Matter ① Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases. ② Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (oC). ② Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.		closes a circuit and associate this with whether a lamp lights in a simple series circuit. Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors. Electricity ① Identify common appliances that run on electricity. ① Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzes. ② Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery. ② Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit. ② Recognise some common
Working Scientifically	Ask relevant questions about what Makes systematic and careful obser Sets up simple practical enquiries, and the state of	rvations using a range of equipment.		Comparative & Fair Testing	Observing over time Identifulna (mentseking)	conductors and insulators and associate metals with being good conductors.
	 Identifies differences, similarities of Uses test results to draw simple con 	comparative and rain tests. or changes related to simple scientific ideas aclusions, make predictions for new values, in a variety of ways to help in answering quantum or the comparative and the comparativ	suggest improvements and raise further q	uestions.	classifying discovering of the control of the contr	Research (S) using secondary sources
HISTORY						
History End Points		Ancient Greece study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world – compare some of the times studied with those of other areas of interest.	To develop knowledge of the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain, including significant events and people	To study Deva Chester and explain how the architecture played, and continues to play an integral part in the history of present day Chester through its legacy.	To explore the hist Forts.	ory of Mam Tor and Iron Age Hill
Curriculum objectives		Ancient Greece: Study of Greek life & achievements and their influence on the western world. Compare some of the times studied with those of other areas of interest around the world.	past and the wider world Make connections and contrasts e.g. change, cause, similarities and differences between different times in	Local History ① Understand the history of Dewa Chester and impact the Roman architecture sill has on Chester today ② Tell the past is different from today and explore how Chester has changes over time ② Use artefacts, pictures, stories, online sources and databases to find out about the past ③ Use evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past	hilltop ⊙ To understand life ⊙ Place events, a	y the history of Mam Tor and the the part Mam Tor played in early Celtic rtefacts and historical figures on a time d the concept of change over time
History enquiry skills	 Ask different types of questions about Use appropriate historical vocabula 	settled on a map and suggest geographical re out the past and find answers to questions al ary to communicate, including: dates; time p	bout the past; period; era; change; chronology;	ink about how to share this clearly with other people	,	
GEOGRAPHY						

Geography End	To develop knowledge of the countries of Europe and	To develop knowledge of the	Use map work and digital resources to	Explore and describe how the city of Chester has	To use geographical language, maps and atlases to describe	To study the UK physical features of the Peak
Points	their geographical features, using maps and sources	countries of Europe and their	identify the properties of volcanoes and	changed over time, examining land-use patterns,	and understand the location and key geographical features	District (Mam Tor) – understanding the physical
	to focus on land use, migration and the reasons	geographical features, using	earthquakes, including how they are	human and physical geography and comparing	of the amazon Rainforest	and topographical characterises of its hills and
	people move between countries. Link with Where do					mountains
			effect they have upon communities and	digital resources.		
		reasons people move between	land use around them.			
		countries. Study of city/cities				
		within Nowhere Emporium.				
Curriculum	European Countries	European Countries	Human and Physical Geography	Local Geography	Location Knowledge	Human and physical Geography
objectives	 Name and locate the countries of Europe and 	 Name and locate the 	 Describe and understand key 	Understand the locality of Chester and how	Name and locate the countries of Europe and identify	To explore the physical features of a region
	identify their main physical and human	countries of Europe and			their main physical and human characteristics North and	of the UK. Understanding the different
		identify their main physical	 Identify how volcanoes are formed 	① Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record the	South America	characteristics of mountains and hills
	environmental regions using maps to focussing on	and human characteristics,	 Identify and label the parts of a 	human and physical features in of Chester using a	① Explore the climate zones and vegetation belts of the	② Explore the land-use of this region and the
		major cities and different			Amazon Rainforest and the impact these changing	important topographical characteristics
		environmental regions using	 Land patterns and settlements 	and graphs, and digital technologies	conditions have on the animals that call this place home	 Use maps, atlases, globes and
		maps to focussing on				digital/computer mapping to locate and describe
		 Time zones 				features

- Geography Fieldwork and Skills

 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features.

 Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.

 Use the eight points of a compass, four figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world

DESIGN and TECNOLOGY			
D&T End Points	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Gears, pulleys, levers and linkages Possible ideas: catapults.	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Cutting and joining Possible ideas: Rainforest Diorama Children can discuss the possithey might want to design, may and who the products will be fagree on design criteria that can the development and evaluation e.g. Who/what is the product make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and successful product? Electrical Systems – simple of systems Possible ideas Make a head to cave	ake and evaluate for. They can can be used to guid ion of the products for? What will ferent? How will ad made a
Curriculum objectives	Designing ① Generate realistic ideas and design criteria collaboratively through discussion, focusing on the needs of the user and the functional and aesthetic purposes of the product. ② Develop ideas through the analysis of existing shell structures and use computer-aided design to model and communicate ideas. Making ③ Plan the order of the main stages of making. ③ Select and use appropriate tools and software to measure, mark out, cut, score, shape and assemble with some accuracy. ② Explain their choice of materials according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities. ⑤ Use computer-generated finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. Evaluating ⑤ Test and evaluate their own products against design criteria and the intended user and purpose.	Designing ① Generate realistic ideas and design criteria collaboratively through discussion, focusing on the needs of the user and the functional and aesthetic purposes of the product. ② Develop ideas through the analysis of existing shell structures and use computer-aided design to model and communicate ideas. Making ③ Plan the order of the main stages of making. ③ Select and use appropriate tools and software to measure, mark out, cut, score, shape and assemble with some accuracy. ⑤ Explain their choice of materials according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities. ⑤ Use computer-generated finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. Evaluating ⑤ Investigate and evaluate a range of shell structures including the materials, components and techniques that have been used. ⑥ Test and evaluate their own products against design criteria and the intended user and purpose. Designing ⑥ Gather information about to of products and develop design criteria to of products that are fit for purparticular individuals or group ② Generate, develop, model : ① Generate, develop, model : ② Order the main stages of making. ② Order the main stages of making. ③ Select from and use tools a cut, shape, join and finish with some accuracy. ② Select from and use materi components, including ② Investigate and analyse a re battery-powered products. ⑤ Evaluating ③ Investigate and analyse a re battery-powered products. ⑤ Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria and the intended user and purpose. Technical knowledge and understanding	o inform the design rpose, aimed at typs. I and communicate sion and, as les, cross-sectional making and equipment to rials and ectrical ir thetic qualities. range of existing products against identify the evement in their

			Technical knowledge and understanding Develop and use knowledge of pulleys and levers. Develop and use knowledge of how to use pulleys and levers to create a catapult Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.		 Develop and use knowledge of nets of cubes and cuboids and, where appropriate, more complex 3D shapes. Develop and use knowledge of how to construct strong, stiff shell structures. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Understand and use electrical systems in their products, such as series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs and buzzers. Apply their understanding of computing to program and control their products. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.
ART						
Art End Points	Gorillas – Painting I can deisgn a monochrome acryllic paitning using the artwork of Anthony Browne as a starting point.	materials for a purpose. Mosaic.	Volcano Sculpture – Nick Rowland I can create a 3D volcano sculpture using card, paper, glue and paint. I can develop my sculpture to refelct the nature of the volcano study linking to the artist.	Collesum line drawings. Make marks and lines. Plan a photostory of trip to DEVA.	Rainforest colour mixing and amrk making based on the work of artist John Dyer. I can design an acrylic painting using the artwork of John Dyer	Drawing hills and mountains at Mam Tor lead into material canvas of hills and mountains. Use textiles and digital media to create a scene.
Curriculum objectives		materials for a purpose e.g. pot/tile. *Further develop skills in using clay to join pieces rtogether: score and slip. Texture	*Manipulate malleable materials for a purpose e.g. pot/tile. *Further develop skills in using clay to join pieces together: score and slip. *Texture* *Mix and use a range of glazes. *Produce intricate surface patterns and textures in malleable media.	*Use sketchbooks to collect and develop ideas. *Work from a variety of sources including observation. *Work in a sustained way to create detailed drawings. *Develop close observational skills using a variety of view finders. *Understand proportions. *Lines, Marks, Tone, Form and Texture *Use dry and wet media to make different marks, lines, patterns and shapes within a drawing. *Explore colour mixing with coloured pencils. *Use different techniques for different purposes: shading, hatching.		*Plan a photostory. *Record and collect visual information using digital cameras. *Combine and present recorded visual images using Photostory software. *Create and use dyes for different effects i.e. onion skins, tea *Change and modify threads and fabrics: knotting, fringing, twisting and plaiting. *Match the tool to the material. *Develop skills in stitching, cutting and joining.
 Question and males Select ideas from Explore the roles Compare ideas, m 	I ideas from observation, experience and imagination. ke thoughtful observations about the work of famous a art work studied to use in their own work. purposes and work of artists, craftspeople and design nethods and approaches in their own and others' work according to their views and describe how they might a sketchbooks.	ners working in different times a	and cultures and different art work.			

	This little light of mine: Focus: Pentatonic scale, Gos call-and-response, progression snapshot 1.		Fanfare, timbre, dynamics, texture,		traditions and cultures, graphic/dot notation.	The Horse in motion: Focus: To create music inspired by one of the first ever motion pictures showing the movement of a horse, composing to a moving image, graphic score, orchestration, ostinatos, dynamics.
	Improvise with the voice on the notes of the pentator flat if you have one). • Sing in a Gospel style with expression and dynamic Play a bass part and rhythm ostinato along with Thi • Sing Part 1 of a partner song rhythmically. • Listen and move in tme to songs in a Gospel style.	s.	Improvise and compose, exploring how timbre, dynamics, and texture can be used for impact in a fanfare. Compose a fanfare using a small set of notes, and short, repeated rhythms. Listen and appraise, recognising and talking about the musical characteristics of a fanfare using music yocabulary.	Invent a melody. Fit two patterns together. Structure musical ideas into compositions. Play repeating rhythmic patterns. Count musically.	Compare music extracts and understand that the pentatonic	Create ostinatos. Layer up different rhythms. Create and follow a score. Watch a film and analyse it in a musical context.
COMPUTING						
Computing End points Purple Mash	Unit 4.1 Coding Unit 4.2 Online Safety	Unit 4.3 Spreadsheets		Unit 4.5 Logo Unit 4.6 Animation	Recap Unit 4.2 Online Safety Unit 4.7 Effective Searching Unit 4.8 Hardware Investigators	Unit 4.9 Making Music

Curriculum objectives	To begin to understand selection in computer programming. To understand how an IF statement works. To understand how to use co-ordinates in computer programming. To understand the 'repeat until' command. To understand what a variable is in programming. To understand what a variable is in programming. To use a number variable. To create a playable game To understand how children can protect themselves from online identity theft. To understand that information put online leaves a digital footprint or trail and that this can aid identity theft. To identify the risks and benefits of installing software including apps. To understand that copying the work of others and presenting it as their own is called 'plagiarism' and to consider the consequences of plagiarism. To identify appropriate behaviour when participating or contributing to collaborative online projects for learning. To identify the positive and negative influences of technology on health and the environment. To understand the importance of balancing game	calculate averages. To combine tools to make spreadsheet activities such as timed times tables tests. To use a spreadsheet to model a real-life situation. To add a formula to a cell to automatically make a calculation in that cell.	themselves from online identity theft. Fo understand that information put online leaves a digital footprint or trail and that this can aid identity theft. Fo identify the risks and benefits of installing software including apps. Fo understand that copying the work of others and presenting it as their own is called 'plagiarism' and to consider the consequences of plagiarism. Fo identify appropriate behaviour when participating or contributing to collaborative online projects for learning.	Using 2Logo to create letter shapes. To use the Repeat function in Logo to create shapes. To use and build procedures in Logo. To discuss what makes a good animated film or cartoon. To learn how animations are created by hand. To find out how animation can be created in a similar way using the computer. To learn about onion skinning in animation. To add backgrounds and sounds to animations. To be introduced to 'stop motion' animation. To share animation on the class display board and by blogging	To understand how children can protect themselves from online identity theft. To understand that information put online leaves a digital footprint or trail and that this can aid identity theft. To identify the risks and benefits of installing software including apps. To understand that copying the work of others and presenting it as their own is called 'plagiarism' and to consider the consequences of plagiarism. To identify appropriate behaviour when participating or contributing to collaborative online projects for learning. To identify the positive and negative influences of technology on health and the environment. To understand the importance of balancing game and screen time with other parts of their lives. To locate information on the search results page. To use search effectively to find out information. To assess whether an information source is true and reliable To understand the different parts that make up a computer. To recall the different parts that make up a computer.	
PE	To identify the positive and negative influences of technology on health and the environment.		a news report. To use a simulated scenario to write for			
PE End points	Invasion: Netball Gymnastics: Bridges	Invasion: Handball OAA: Communications	Invasion: Basketball Dance: Cats	Invasion: Tag Rugby Dance: Space	Net/wall Tennis OAA: Problem Solving	Striking and Fielding Rounders: Athletics
Curriculum objectives	Netball Refine passing and receiving Develop passing and dribbling creating space Develop passing, moving and shooting Refine passing and shooting Develop footwork Bridges Introduction to bridges Application of bridge learning onto apparatus Develop sequences with bridges Sequence formation Sequence completion	Handball Refine passing and receiving Develop passing and creating space Develop passing, moving and shooting Combine passing and shooting Introduce defending	receiving Refine passing and dribbling creating space Refine passing and dribbling creating shooting opportunities Introduce marking Cats Responding to stimuli working together	Tag Rugby • Develop passing, moving and creating space • Apply learning to 3v3 mini games • Develop defending in game situations • Combine passing and moving to create an attack and score Space • Extending sequences with a partner in character • Developing sequences with a partner in character that show relationships and interlinking dance moves • Sequences, relationships, choreography and performance	 Applying the forehand and backhand creating space to wir a point Problem Solving Benches and mats challenge 	Rounders Develop fielding bowling with a backstop Introduce batting; how Develop batting; where and why Introduce and apply basic fielding tactics Athletics Develop running at speed Exploring our stride pattern Exploring running at pace Understand and apply tactics when running for distance Javelin Standing Triple Jump
MFL						
MFL End points	All around Town name some of the major cities of France; lightharpoonup identify and say typical amenities to be found in French towns; lightharpoonup identify identify and order multiples of ten; lightharpoonup identify identify identifies an and order multiples of ten; lightharpoonup identifies identi	SEP;	Going Shopping Listen and respond to topic vocabulary. Answer questions using the topic vocabulary.	Where in the World? listen and respond to topic vocabulary; answer questions orally using the topic vocabulary;	What's the time? say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock); second in fives to at least 30; second in five and secon	Holidays and Hobbies listen and respond to topic vocabulary; answer questions orally using the topic vocabulary;

t	locate the correct part of a bilingual dictionary to translate from French-English or vice versa.	for direction and movement; The content of the c	shopkeeper, speaking in French. Greet and respond.	write an answer in a sentence using the topic vocabulary; :: use an English/French dictionary to translate from English to French. ::		write an answer in a sentence using the topic vocabulary; present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences.
	Listen attentively to spoken language and show unde					
	Explore the patterns and sounds of language through					
	Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions;			help		
	Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrase					
	Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that		are reading aloud or using familiar wor	ds and phrases		
	Present ideas and information orally to a range of au					
	Read carefully and show understanding of words, ph					
	Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the la					
	Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to			al		
	Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to creat		eas clearly			
	Describe people, places, things and actions orally* a					
		ge being studied, including (wl	nere relevant): feminine, masculine and	neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency	y verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to app	bly these, for instance, to build sentences; and
ŀ	how these differ from or are similar to English					